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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6: C07H 19/10, A61K 31/70

A1

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 99/62921

(43) International Publication Date:

9 December 1999 (09.12.99)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/CA99/00465

(22) International Filing Date:

1 June 1999 (01.06.99)

(30) Priority Data:

60/087,569

i June 1998 (01.06.98)

US

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(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: ANTIVIRAL PHOSPHORUS DERIVATIVES OF 4'-THIO-5-ETHYL-2'-DEOXYURIDINE

(57) Abstract

4'-Thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-phosphonate of formula (II) wherein R=H, CONH2, AlkylOOC, Alkyl, Haloidalkyl, dihaloidalkyls, trihaloidalkyl, HOCH2, AcylOCH2.

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ANTIVIRAL PHOSPHORUS DERIVATIVES OF 4'-THIO-5-ETHYL-2'-DEOXYURIDINE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to novel inhibitors and, more specifically, to novel 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-phosphonates, which inhibit the reproduction of the human Herpes viruses (HSV-I, HSV-2, TK HSV-1), Human Cytomegalovirus (HCMV) and Vaccinia virus (VV) in cell cultures.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Known in the art are various compounds inhibiting the reproduction of the human Herpes viruses (HSV). The compounds known as TEDU (4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine) (Formula I) and as shown below, inhibits HSV (HSV-1, HSV-2) reproduction in cell cultures but it has two negative properties. First, TEDU has generally unacceptable toxicity in human and cell free systems with DNA polymerases. Second, TEDU does not inhibit thymidine kinase defective (TK'HSV-1) herpes viruses [1-3].

(I)

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to novel compounds exhibiting a selective inhibition of the reproduction of the HSV-1, HSV-2, TK HSV, HCMV and VV and which possess low toxicity. The present compounds are II and III of the formula as follows:

wherein for Formula II, R=H, CONH₂, AlkylOOC, Alkyl, Haloidalkyl, dihaloidalkyls, trihaloidalkyls, HOCH₂, AcylOCH₂ and wherein for Formula III, R= is as defined in Formula II and R'=O-alkyl, O-aminoalkyls, O-hydroxyalkyls, O-glycosyl

These compounds of Formula II and III are capable of inhibiting the reproduction of HSV and are less toxic as compared to the prior art compounds.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Synthesis of compounds II and III can be made according to Scheme 1 (one arrow essentially corresponds to one chemical step).

Scheme 1

Another synthetic pathway which may be used does not invite the preliminary protection of 3'-hydroxyl as set out in Scheme 2 below(here also one arrow essentially corresponds to one chemical step). According to Scheme 2, synthesis of compounds of Formula II and III are developed with essentially one chemical step starting from the compound of Formula I. Selection between Schemes 1 and 2 generally depends on the yield of the desired compound. In some cases, the yield is higher when the desired compound is synthesized according to Scheme 1, but in another cases Scheme 2 produces higher yields. Yields of II and III ranged from 20-70% with schemes 1 and 2.

Scheme 2

$$(II) \leftarrow (I) \rightarrow (III)$$

The compounds according to the present invention are white amorphous powders, readily soluble in water, with low solubility in ethanol and dimethylsulfoxide. They have been found generally to be insoluble in other organic solvents.

The purity and structure of the compounds according to the present invention were proven by chromatography, UV, mass- and NMR-spectroscopy.

EXAMPLE 1

3'-O-Acetyl-I was synthesized according to [3].

Synthesis of 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-hydrogenphosphonate (II, R=H) (Scheme 1).

To a solution of phosphite acid (51 mg, 0.8 mmol) in water (2 ml), pyridine (3ml) and tri-n-butylamine (148 mg, 0.8 mmol) was added. The solution was evaporated, coevaporated with pyridine (3x5 ml) and then with dimethylformamide (3x5 ml). The residue was dissolved in pyridine (5 ml), 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxy-3'-O-acetyluridine (IV, 180 mg, 0.57 mmol) and N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (800 mg, 3.8 mmol) were added. The reaction was mixed at +20 °C for 20 h, then ice-cold water (5 ml) was added. After mixing during 1 h at +4 °C the reaction was diluted with water (150 ml) and applied onto a DEAE-Toyopearl column (2.5 x 12 cm. HCO, form), elution was made with a linear gradient of NH4HCO3 (0 -> 0.15M, 1 l). The fractions containing the product

were evaporated and coevaporated with water (3 x 10 ml). The residue was dissolved in 25% NH₂OH and kept at +4°C for 20 h, then evaporated coevaporated with water (2x5ml). Then it was purified on a LiChroprep RP-18 column (2 x 15 cm), elution was made with 0.01M NH₄HCO₃ to yield 120 mg (63%).

UV (water) λ_{max} 272nm (ϵ 9800). ¹H-NMR (D₂O), ppm, JHz: 7.77s (1H, H-6), 6.69 d (1H, J_H, 632, H-P), 6.25dd (1H, J₂, J_{7.5}, H-1'), 4.52m (1H, H-3'), 3.86-4.05m, (2H, 5'a, 5'b), 3.55m (1H, H-4'), 2.17-2.40 m (4H, 2'a, 2'b, CH₂(Ura)), 1.0 t (3H, J_{7.5}, CH₃CH₂ (Ura)). ³¹P-NMR (D₂O) δ 7.2s. Mass: m/z: 336 [M+-1].

EXAMPLE 2

Synthesis of 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-ethoxycarbonylphosphonate (II, R=COOEt) (Scheme 2)

To a solution of morpholinium ethoxycarbonylphosphonate (59.3 mg, 0.24 mmol) in water Dowex 50W (Py⁻, 0.5 ml) was added. The precipitate was filtered, washed with water (10 ml), pyridine (5 ml) and tn-n-butylamine (44 mg, 0.24 mmol) was added, the resulting solution was evaporated, coevaporated with pyridine (3x5 ml), dissolved in pyridine and 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine I (54 mg, 0.2 mmol) in was added. The solution was evaporated with pyridine (3x5 ml) and dimethylformamide (3x5 ml). The residue was dissolved in dimethylformamide (5 ml) and then

N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (124 mg, 0.6 mmol) was added, the reaction mixture was kept at $+20^{\circ}$ C for 20 h, then cold water (5 ml) was added. After mixing for 1 h at $+4^{\circ}$ C the mixture was diluted with water (150 ml) and applied onto a DEAE-Toyopearl column (2.5 x 12 cm, HCO₃-form), elution was made with a linear gradient of NH₄HCO₃ (0-> 0.15M, 1 l). The fractions containing the product were evaporated and coevaporated with water (3 x 10 ml). The residue was purified on a LiChroprep RP-8 column (2 x 15 cm), elution being made with a linear gradient of MeOH (0 -> 10%, 1 l) in 0.01M NH₄HCO₃ to yield 35 mg (43%).

UV (water) λ_{max} 272nm (ϵ 9800), ¹H-NMR (D₂O), δ , ppm, J Hz: 7.77s (1H, H- ϵ), 6.25dd (1H, J2, J7.5, H-1'), 4.65m (1H, H-3'), 3.9-4.1m (3H, CH₂CH₂O, 5'a, 5'b), 3.55m (1H, H-4'), 2.37-2.40 m (1H, 2'a), 2.21-2.28 m (3H, 2'b, CH₂(Ura)), 1.18 dt (3H, J_{CH3.P} 1.1, J_{CH3CH2} 7, CH₃CH₂O), 0.98t (3H, J7.5, CH₃CH₂ (Ura)). ³¹P-NMR (D₂O) δ -3.9s. Mass: m/z: 408 [M⁺].

EXAMPLE 3

Synthesis of 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-hydrogenphosphonate (II, R=H)

(Scheme 2)

To a solution of phosphite acid (51 mg, 0.8 mmol) in water (2 ml) pyridine (3 ml) and tri-n-butylamine (148 mg, 0.8 mmol) was added. The solution was evaporated, coevaporated with pyridine (3x5 ml) and then with dimethylformamide (3x5 ml). The residue was dissolved in pyridine (5 ml), 4'-

thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine (I, 165 mg, 0.57 mmol) and N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (800 mg, 3.8 mmol) were added. The reaction was mixed at +20°C for 20 h, then ice-cold water (5 ml) was added. After mixing during 1 h at +4°C the reaction was diluted with water (150 ml) and applied onto a DEAE-Toyopearl column (2.5 x 12 cm, HCO₃ form), elution was made with a linear gradient of NH4HCO₃ (0 - > 0.15M, 1 l). The fractions containing the product were evaporated and coevaporated with water (3 x 10 ml). The residue was purified on a LiChroprep RP-18 column (2 x 15 cm), elution was made with 0.01M NH4HCO₃ to yield 90 mg (47%).

UV (water) λ_{max} 272nm (ϵ 9800). ¹H-NMR (D₂O), ppm, J Hz: 7.77s (1H, H-6), 6.69 d (1H, J_{H,P} 632, H-P), 6.25dd (1H, J₂, J_{7.5}, H-1'), 4.52m (1H, H-3'), 3.86-4.05m, (2H, 5'a, 5'b), 3.55m (1H, H-4'), 2.17-2.40 m (4H, 2'a, 2'b, CH₂(Ura)), 1.0 t (3H, J_{7.5}, CH₂CH₂ (Ura)). ³¹P-NMR (D₂O) & 7.2s. Mass: m/z: 336 [M⁺+1].

EXAMPLE 4

Synthesis of 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-(trimethylcarbonyloxymethylenehydrogenphosphonate) (III. R=H)

To a solution of trimethylcarbonyloxymethylene hydrogenphosphonate (84 mg, 0.5 mmol) in pyridine (5 ml) tri-n-butylamine (93 mg, 0.5 mmol) was added, the resulting solution was evaporated.

coevaporated with pyridine (3x5 ml), dissolved in pyridine and 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine I (108 mg, 0.4 mmol) in was added. The solution was evaporated with pyridine (3x5 ml) and dimethylformamide (3x5 ml). The residue was dissolved in dimethylformamide (5 ml) and then N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (248 mg, 1.2 mmol) was added, the reaction mixture was kept at +20°C for 20 h, then cold water (5 ml) was added. After mixing for 1 h at +4°C the mixture was diluted with water (150 ml) and applied onto a DEAE-Toyopearl column (2.5 x 12 cm, HCO₃-form), elution was made with a linear gradient of NH₄HCO₃ (0 -> 0.15M, 1 l). The fractions containing the product were evaporated and coevaporated with water (3 x 10 ml). The residue was purified on a LiChroprep RP-8 column (2 x 15 cm), elution being made with a linear gradient of MeOH (0 -> 10%, 1 l) in 0.01M NH₄HCO₃ to yield 82.5 mg (49%).

UV (water) λ_{max} 272nm (\in 9800), ¹H-NMR (D₂O), δ , ppm, JHz: 7.77s (1H, H-6), 6.69 d (1H, J_{H,P} 632, H-P), 6.22dd (1H, J₂, J_{7.5}, H-1'), 5.63d (2H, J₁₄, OCH₂O), 4.55m (1H, H-3'), 3.8-4.1m (2H, H-5'a, 5'b), 3.52m (1H, H-4'), 2.37-2.40 m (1H, H-2'a), 2.21-2.28 m (3H, 2'b, CH₂(Ura)), 1.18 s (9H,C(CH₃)), 0.99t (3H, J_{7.5}, CH₃CH₂ (Ura)). Mass: m/z: 421 [M⁺].

EXAMPLE 5
Viral Plaque Reduction Assays.

Antiviral assays of II. R=C₂H₃OOC were performed using an adaptation of the plaque reduction assay described in [4]. Twenty-four well plates containing monolayers of MCR 5 cells (human embryo lung fibroblasts. ATCC CCL 171) were used for assay of varicella zostar virus (VZV strain G31), and

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monolayers of Vero cells (African Green monkey kidney, ATCC CCLB1) were used for herpes simplex virus type 1 (HSV-1) strain SC16 and HSV-2 (strain 186). Monolayers were infected with virus at a multiplicity calculated to produce 60-80 plaques per well. Infected cells were overlaid with liquid growth medium containing various known concentrations of the compound under investigation, and, in the case HSV-1 and HSV-2, carboxymethyl cellulose to prevent the formation of secondary plaques. Following a suitable period of incubation, plaques were fixed with formol saline and stained, and their numbers were determined. For IC₅₀ determination, a dose-response curve was obtained and from this the 50% inhibitory concentration (IC₅₀) was obtained. Tables 1 (first testing) and 2 (second independent testing) demonstrate these data for different viruses. The well known antiviral drugs are shown as controls: BVDU - 5-bromovinyl-2'-deoxyuridine: ribovirin: ACG - acyclovir; DHPG - gancyclovir.

EXAMPLE 6

Cytotoxicity assay of II, R=C,H,OOC

Subconfluet cultures of Vero or MRC-5 cells were grown in 96-well microtiter plates in the presence of different dilutions of drug. Cell numbers present at 96h (Varb) and 7 days (MRC-5) were estimated, on replicate cultures, using uptake of a tetrazolium dye (MTT). The concentration required for a 50% inhibition of cell growth compared to control cell growth in the absence of compound is termed CCID₁₀. Cytotoxicity assays were performed using Vero cells and MRC-5 cells.

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For 50% cytotoxic concentration (CC₅₀) determination, a dose-response curve was obtained. Tables 1 (first testing) and 2 (second independent testing) demonstrate these data for cells. The well known antiviral drugs are shown as controls: BVDU - 5-bromovinyl-2'-deoxyuridine: ribovirin; ACG - acyclovir, DHPG - gancyclovir.

The compounds according to the present invention, viz 4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-phosphonates have shown to be capable of selective inhibition of the reproduction of the HSV-1 and HSV-2 viruses in cell cultures. It is expected that this same selective inhibition of the reproduction of TK HSV-1, HSMV and VV viruses will be exhibited by the compounds of Formula II and III. It is expected that he compounds of Formula II and III will be effective in the treatment of these viruses, including prophylactic treatment.

Tabb I. Antiviral activity and cytotoxicity of TEDU (1) and its phosphonate (II, R=COOEs) in E.SM cell culturer.

Compound	minbour	HRV	1100.			in inhibito	cy concentr	Mindmine inhibitory concentration, mcM	~ !	•	
	cytoloxio	(KOS)		13V-1	118V-2 (0)	HSV-2	HSV-2	Veccinis	Vestouler	IISV-1 TK	Hav. I TK
	concentra-		<u> </u>	(weeklyte)		(941)	(Lyons)	viros	storostitis	(B2006)	CVMW 18371
	tłon• rakM								vlrus	•	
1111	>500	0.17.0.5			2.6						
		×(1000-			(元) (元)			9 .50\$			
100					250)					- 	
7. Kg	>950	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	145	0.17	2.0
2000		>26400	>26400	>26400		>6500	_	_	227	2.5	0.17
	>240	7700	0 0 4 5	77.70	l		-	7		>>>90	>5590
	24.	0.0.0	0.040	0.046	>240	>240	>240		>1200	7	240
		>5220	>5220	>5220				5			017
Ribarie	>1640		1000	1000	1000	>1640	1650	T	1000	25	
			>1.6	>1.6	9 1 <	}	3			700	200
VCG	355	П	0.75	0.75	17	0.76	1.7		0.17	28	R<
		_	430	410		255			CCF	47.0	5.8
טנונט	200	1		200	710	430	210			 	42
,	201	0.13	C1.0	0.0045	0.074	0.074	0.074	>400	>400	0.38	0 3R
		2670	2670	88900	2200	5200	5200			1050	1050
Required	Required to cause a microsco	7	anthy debant	1						0000	1030

Required to cause a microscopically detectable alteration of normal cell morphology.

Required to reduce virus-induced cytopathogenecity by 50%.

Sectivity index

Table 2. Antiviral activity and cytotoxicity of TEDU phosphonate (II, R-COOEt) in E,8M cell cultures.

					Minim	m labilities						_
Compressed	mbhan	1.784.1	HBV-1 (F)	Hgv.1			A COUNTY	alon mon				
	cytotaxle	(KOS)		(Mclatyro)	(1947-1 (2) HOV-2 HSV-2 VACALIN	(196)	(Lyaes)	Vector	Vertruite	HBV-1 TK	HSV-1 TK	
	tlent.					·			4 tros	(propos)	(VENW IED7)	
II, R-	>950	0.036	П	7000	21.0							_
COOE		>26400	>73200	>26400	>5500	2.52	0.15	0.30		7.53	1.5	
BVDE	>240	0.077	1	2700	200	3	70230	231/0		>130	>635	
	?	7,0,0		0.040	067<	>240	>240	5.76		240	240	
		>3120		>5220			•	× 22		2	7.10	
Ribevirin	>1640	65.8		39.5	200	۶	200					
		>23		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	- N	3.7	3.9	2.5		65.8	200	
ACG	355	0 33	Т	0.67	200		?	20		>25	. 9<	
		1076			55.7	0.57		>355		14.2	153	
NIMO	867		Т	670	10/2	625				25		
מונים		0.015		0.005	0.078	0.078	0.125	×400		150	76	
		26700		80000	5130	5130	3200	3		0.07	0.123	
			ľ				200			S 50	250	

Required to cause a microscopically detectable attention of normal cell morphology.

Required to reduce virus-induced cytopathogenecity by 50%.

Selectivity fadex

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We claim:

1. 4'-Thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-phosphonate of the formula:

(II

wherein R=H, CONH₂, AlkylOOC, Alkyl, Haloidalkyl, dihaloidalkyls, trihaloidalkyl, HOCH₂, AcylOCH₂

- 2. 4'-Thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-phosphonate of the formula (II) of claim 1 for use in selectively inhibiting HSV-1HSV-2, TK'HSV-1, HCMV and VV:
- 3. 4'-Thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-phosphonate of the formula (II) of claim 1 for use in the prophylactic treatment of HSV-1, HSV-2, TK'HSV-1, HCMV and VV.
- 4. 4'-Thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine P-substituted 5'-phosphonates of the formula:

wherein R=H, CONH₂, AlkylOOC, Alkyl, Haloidalkyl, dihaloidalkyls, trihaloidalkyl, HOCH₂, AcylOCH₂ and R'=O-alkyl, O-aminoalkyls, O-hydroxyalkyls, O-glycosyl

- 5. 4'-Thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine P-substituted 5'-phosphonates of the formula (III) for use in selectively inhibiting HSV-1, HSV-2, TK'HSV-1, HCMV and VV.
- 6. 4'-Thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridine P-substituted 5'-phosphonates of the formula (III) for use in the prophylactic treatment of HSV-1, HSV-2, TKHSV-1, HCMV and VV.

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·	Charles of document, was indication, where appropriate, or the	relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Υ	ALEXANDROVA L A ET AL: "4'-thio-5-ethyl-2'-deoxyuridin 5'-triphosphate (TEDUTP): synth	esis and	1-6
	substrate properties in DNA-syn systems" ANTIVIRAL CHEM. CHEMOTHER. (ACCHEH,09563202);1996; VOL.7 (PP.237-242, XP002116568 Russian Acad. Sci.;Engelhardt I Molecular Biol.; Moscow; 117984 (RU) cited in the application	5); nst.	
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